INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON AUDIT OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TO THE MEMBERS OF SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, notes to the financial statement and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no such key Audit Matters to be reported.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Reportbut does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material



misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decişions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current

period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent applicable.

2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books:
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income and the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account:
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under section 133 of the Act and rules made there under, as applicable;
- e) On the basis of written representations received from management as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With 'respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position in its financial statements;
 - ii. The company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any foreseeable losses.
 - iii. there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign



entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
- Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- b. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or

 provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (iv)(a) and (iv)(b) contain any material mis-statement.

v. No Dividend is declared or paid by the company during the year.

For Agarwal Patel & Sinhal Chartered Accountants

Stration Number:012245C

Partner M.No.406280

UDIN: 23406280BGPWFQ2002

Date: 06/05/2023 Place: Neemuch

ANNEXURE A

To the Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements of SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED

(Referred to our report of even date)

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, we report that:

i. In respect of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible assets

- a) Particulars of the records for Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible assets
 - A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment.
 - B. According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company does not have any intangible assets hence, reporting under this clause is not applicable.
- b) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Property, Plant & Equipment have been physically verified during the year by the management under a regular programme of verification by rotation over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed.
- c) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties forming part of the Property, Plant & Equipment are held in the name of the Company.
- d) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

ii. In respect of Inventory

- a) As explained to us, the management has conducted physical verification of its inventory during the year. In our opinion, having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business, the frequency of verification is reasonable. Based on records produced to us, discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material and were properly dealt with in the books of account.
- b) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly statements filed by the company with the banks against sanctioned working capital loan are in agreement with books of accounts.

iii. In respect of loan granted:

According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any investments,

provided guarantee or security or granted any advance in nature of loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties.

iv. In respect of compliance of section 185 and 186 of The Companies Act, 2013

According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, in our opinion the company has not advanced any loans, made investments, gave guarantees, and provided security prescribed in provisions of section 185 and 186 of the companies Act, 2013.

v. In respect of public deposits

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination, the Company has not accepted any deposit from the public within the meaning of the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.

vi. In respect of Cost Records:

According to the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the central government under the section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the company. Thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the company.

vii. In respect of statutory dues:

- a) According to the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of custom, goods & service tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. As per the records of the Company, as at March 31, 2023, the Company does not have any undisputed statutory dues which are outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of records of the company there is no dispute in respect of income tax or sales tax or service tax or value added tax or GST or any other cess.

viii. In respect of undisclosed Income

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, there were no such unrecorded transaction in the books of account which were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

ix. In respect of repayment of loan

According to the information and explanations given to us, based on our examination of the records of the company and on the basis of overall examination of the Balance Sheet of the Company,

a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institution or bank.

b) The company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution.

c) In our opinion the term loan were applied for the purpose for which the loan was obtained.

d) No such short term loan funds have been utilized for long term purpose.

e) The company has not raised any fund from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

f) The company has not raised any loan during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

x. In respect of funds raised through IPO/FPO/Debt finance

a) On the basis of overall examination of the Balance Sheet of the Company, according to the information and explanations provided to us and based on our examination of the records of the company we report that monies raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which those were raised. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument).

b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us as well as based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year under section 42

and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013.

xi. In respect of fraud reporting

a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees was noticed or reported during the year.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, there are no whistle blower complaints

received by the Company during the year.

xii. In respect of Nidhi Company

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii. In Respect of Transactions With Related Parties

According to the information and explanations given to us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv. In Respect of Internal Audit System

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company is not required to implement internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business. Thus this clause is not applicable.

xv. In respect of Non-Cash Transactions

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable.

xvi. In respect of compliance of section 45IA of the RBI Act, 1934

a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(a)of the Order is not applicable.

b) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(b)of the Order is not applicable.



c) The Company is not a core investment company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the reserve Bank of India. Accordingly clause 3(xvi)(c) of the order is not

applicable.

d) According to information and explanations given to us during the course of audit, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

xvii. In respect of Cash losses

The company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. In respect of resignation of statutory auditors

There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.

xix. In respect of any material uncertainty to meet liability

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which cause us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. In Respect of Unspent Amount Under Section 135(5) of The Companies Act, 2013

a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, there was no such unspent amount to be transferred to fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(xx)(a) of the Order are not applicable.

b) The Company does not have ongoing projects under section 135 of the Companies Act.

Accordingly, paragraphs 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

Date: 06/05/2023 Place: Neemuch For Agarwal Patel & Sinhal Chartered Accountants egistration Number:0122450

Partner M.No.406280

UDIN: 23406280BGPWFQ2002

ANNEXURE B

To the Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements of SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED

(Referred to our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company:

2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect

on the financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Date: 06/05/2023 Place: Neemuch For Agarwal Patel & Sinhal Patel & Sinhal

Partner

M.No.406280 UDIN: 23406280BGPWFQ2002

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SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st March,2023 CIN:U01100MP2018PLC045146

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

				Control of the Contro	
	Particulars *	Note	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
ASSETS					
	rrent assets		151.50	73.07	69.4
	a) Property, plant and equipment	2	154.60	75.07	
1	b) Capital work in progress	2	75.72		
	c) Financial Assets			0.31	0.
'	(i) Other Financial Assets	3	0.31	1.72	1.
	(d) Deferred tax Assets (net)	4	5.12	1.72	
	(e) Other Non-Current Assets	5	56.11	75.10	71
	on current assets		291.86	73.10	
				,	2.246
Curren		6	5,602.37	4,622.11	2,246
	a) Inventories				
(b) Financial Assets	7	534.13	1,502.33	357
	(i) Trade receivables	8	112.07	13.51	. 18
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	4.93		
	c) Current Tax Assets (net)	10	347.77	310.56	450
	d) Other Current Assets	10	6,601.27	6,448.51	3,071
	urrent assets		6,893.13	6,523.61	3,142
TOTAL	ASSETS				
	Y AND LIABILITIES				
Equity		11	350.00	350.00	35
	a) Equity Share capital	11 12	480.59	353.54	22
	b) Other equity	12	830.59	703.54	57
	Total Equity				
LIABIL	ITIES				
	urrent liabilities				
	(a) Financial liabilities	•	0.46144	4,168.83	62
	(i) Borrowings	13	3,464.14	4,100.03	
	(ii) Lease Liabilities	14	64,66		
	(b) Provisions	15	10.93	15.00	1
	(c) Other Non-Current Liabilities	16	15.00	4,183.83	64
	non current liabilities		3,554.73	4,183.83	,
	nt liabilities				
	(a) Financial liabilities	17	2,220.16	1,320.14	1,75
	(i) Borrowings	18	1.32		
	(ii) Lease Liabilities	19			
	(iii) Trade Payables	-			
	(a) MSME		260.00	243.19	13
	(b) Other than MSME	20	25.80	72.54	!
	(b) Other Current Liabilities	21	. 0.53	0.37	
	(c) Provisions	2.1	2,507.81	1,636.24	1,93
Total	current liabilities		6,893.13	6,523.61	3,1
TOTA	L - EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1			
Surnr	nary of Significant Accounting Policies	2-37			
See a	ccompanying Notes forming part of the Accounts	2.31			

FRN 012245C

tered Accountat

Chartered Accountant FRN NO. 012245C

Partner

M. No.: 406280 Place: Neemuch (M.P.) Date: 06.05.2023

Kiran Devi Begani Whole Time Director DIN No.: 07921018

Sanjay Kumar Baigani

Director DIN No.: 07921083 Padma Nahta
Whole Time Director
DIN No.: 07921042

Anil Kurnar Nahata Director

DIN No.: 07921005

SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2023 CIN: U01100MP2018PLC045146

Amount in Rs. Lakhs Except EPS

Particulars	Note	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
Revenue From Operations	22	15,791.49	13,788.11
Other income	23	4.54	3.27
Total Income		15,796.03	13,791.38
Total income			
Expenses	24	15.561.18	16,014.65
(a) Cost of materials consumed	24	(646.21)	(2,855.08
(b) Changes in inventories of Finished goods, stock in trade and WIP	25		
(c) Employee benefits expense	26	74.26	55.56
(d) Finance costs	27	553.25	344.95
(e) Depreciation and amortisation	2	12.74	11.06
(f) Other Expenses	28	64.77	35.36
Total expenses		15,619.99	13,606.50
		176.04	184.88
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items & tax			
Exeptional items			
Profit / (Loss) before tax		176.04	184.88
Tax expense:			
Less:- (a) Current tax		52.40	51.69
Relates to prior period(current tax)			1.79
Add/Less (b) Deferred tax (assets)/Libilities	4	(3.41)	(0.25
Profit / (Loss) for the year		127.05	131.69
Profit / (Loss) for the year			
Other comprehensive income			
Item that will not be reclassified to profit & loss			
Less:- Income Tax			
Other Comprehensive income		127.05	131.69
Total comprehensive income for the year			
Earnings per share (of Rs. 10/- each)		2.62	3.70
Basic and Diluted	29	3.63	5.7
Summary of singnificant accounting policies.	1		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.	2-37		-

In terms of our report attached. For Agarwal Patel & Sinbalo atel And Chartered Accountants

FRN 012245C

Tered Account

CA. Bhavesh Sinhal Partner

M. No.: 406280

Place: Neemuch (M.P.) Date: 06.05.2023

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

100500) Kiran Devi Begani Whole Time Director DIN No.: 07921018

Sanjay Kumar Baigani Director

DIN No.: 07921083

44n171821 Padma Nahta Whole Time Director DIN No.: 07921042

> Anil Kumar Nahata Director

DIN No.: 07921005

SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED **CASH FLOW STATEMENT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023 CIN: U01100MP2018PLC045146

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
(A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX & EXTRA ORDINARY ITEM	176.04	184.88
Adjustment To Reconcile Profit Before Tax To Cash Generated By		
Non Cash Items:		
Depreciation & Amortisation	12.74	11.06
Provision For Employee Benefits	11.46	
Non Operating Items:		
Interest Paid	553.24	341.77
Profit on investment	(3.60)	
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Change	749.88	537.71
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(980.26)	(2,375.97)
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	968.20	(1,145.02)
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	(37.21)	139.44
Increase/Decrease in Current Borrowing	900.02	(432.10
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	16.81	123.81
Increase / (Decrease) in Short Term Provisions	(0.37)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liability	(46.74)	16.73
(Increase) / Decrease in Current Tax Assets	(4.93)	
Increase/ (Decrease) in Short Term Lease Liability	1.32	
Operating Profit After Working Capital Change	1,566.72	(3,135.40
Less:- Income Tax Paid	(52.40)	(53.44
Net Cash Flow From Operating Activities (A)	1,514.32	(3,188.84
(B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Investment income	3.60	- 1
Increase in long term investments & loans	(56.11)	
Increase in fixed assets	(169.97)	(14.73
Net Cash Flow From Investing Activity (B)	(222.48)	(14.73
(C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Decrease in Long Term Borrowings	(704.70)	3,540.47
Increase/(Decrease) in Lease Liability	64.66	
Interest Paid	(553.24)	(341.77
Net Cash Flow From Financing Activity (C)	(1,193.28)	3,198.70
NET INCREASE IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENT (A+B+C)	98.56	(4.87
Cash & Cash Equivalent At The Beginning Of Period	13.51	18.37
Cash & Cash Equivalent At The Beginning Of Period Cash & Cash Equivalent At The End Of Period	112.07	13.51
In terms of our report attached	For and on behalf of Board of Di	rectors

In terms of our report attached.

FRN 012245

For Agarwal Patel & Sinhal

Chartered Accountant

FRN NO. 012245C

CA. Bhavesh Sinhal

Partner

M. No.: 406280 Place: Neemuch (M.P.)

Date: 06.05.2023

10000 Kiran Devi Begani

Whole Time Director DIN No.: 07921018

Sanjay Kumar Baigani

Director DIN No.: 07921083

Padma Nahta Whole Time Director

44m FIELL

DIN No.: 07921042

Anil Kumar Nahata Director

DIN No.: 07921005

SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 March 2023 CIN: U01100MP2018PLC045146

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL Equity share Capital of shares of Rs. 10 /- each Amount in Rs. Lakhs Balance at the beginning of the year Changes during the year Balance at the end of the year 2021-22 350.00 OTHER EQUITY 350.00

Particulars 2022-23	Retained earnings	Securities Premium	Utilised investment allowance reserve			
Balance at the beginning of the year			and wance reserve	General Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Prior period errors	353.54					Total
Restated balance	-					353.
Profit for the year	353.54					353,
Measurement of DBO	127.05					-
medsarement of DBO			-	* *	-	353.5
			•		-	127.0
Total	480.59					
2021-22						
alance at the beginning of the year	221.85			200000000000000000000000000000000000000		480.5
Prior period errors	221.05	•				
Restated balance	221.85	-				221.8
Profit for the year	131.69	-				
Measurement of DBO	131.09	-		-		221.8
					-	131.69
Total	353.54			•		
	333.54					
			A PURE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE			353.54

In terms of our report attached for Agerwal Patel & Sinhall battel 470 Chartered Accountants FRN NO. 012245C

tered Accountain

Partner M. No.: 406280 Place: Neemuch (M.P.)

Date: 06.05.2023

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Kiran Devi Begani Whole Time Director DIN No.: 07921018

Sanjay Kumar Baigani Director

DIN No.: 07921083

Padma Nahta Whole Time Director DIN No.: 07921042

Anil Kumar Nahata Director DIN No.: 07921005

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Shreeoswal Psyllium Exports India Limited ("the Company") was originally registered as a partnership firm as "M/s Oswal Psyllium Exports" dated December 14, 2007 which was then converted into public limited company i.e. Shreeoswal Psyllium Exports India Limited having CIN: U01100MP2018PLC045146 vide fresh certificate of incorporation dated February 28, 2018.

The registered office of the Company is situated at Oswal House, Opposite Bal Kavi Bairagi College, Village-Kanawati, Neemuch -458441, Madhya Pradesh. India.

Shreeoswal Psyllium Exports India Limited ("the Company") is a limited company incorporated in India under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company is a Processing unit involved in production of psyllium husk along with its Trading.

1.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

COMPLIANCE WITH IND-AS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 are the first financial statements that the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 ("Previous GAAP") used for its statutory reporting requirement in India immediately before applying Ind AS as mentioned above. The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 and the opening balance sheet as at 1 April 2021 have been restated in accordance with Ind AS for comparative information. Detailed explanation, reconciliation and information on effect on transition from Previous GAAP to Ind AS on the Company's balance sheet, statement of profit and loss is provided in Note no. 1.4.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements including the preparation of the opening Ind AS balance sheet as at 1 April 2021 being the date of transition to Ind AS.

CURRENT / NON-CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

All assets and liabilities have been classified and disclosed as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as up to twelve months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the assets and liabilities that require measurement at fair value in accordance with Ind AS. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs (INR 00,000), except otherwise indicated.

1.3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Key accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation and presentation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods, and if material, their effects are disclosed in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates. Any difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/materialize.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the following notes:

- I. Measurement of defined benefit obligations
- II. Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of contingencies
- III. Recognition of deferred tax assets

b. Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value (except as otherwise stated) on an item-by-item basis, as under:

Raw materials, packing materials, stores and spares: Cost of inventory comprises all costs of purchase, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Raw materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on a first-in first-out formula.

Work-in-progress and finished goods: Cost includes direct materials and costs of conversion in the form of labour and a systematic allocation of fixed and variable production overheads. It also includes other costs which are incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The allocation of fixed production overheads is based on normal capacity of production. Cost is determined on first-in first-out formula. Realizable value of pre-determined normal rate of scrap is deducted from the cost of inventories. However, cost of inventories neither includes abnormal amounts of wasted material nor any scrap realizations there from.

By products and scrap are recognized at their net realizable value.

Stock-in-trade: Cost includes cost of purchases, duties and taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from authorities) and other costs which are incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a first-in first-out formula.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Cost of agricultural produce is deemed to be the fair value on the date of rise.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

c. Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India; to the extent it would be available for set off against future current income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realized.

d. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of purchase price net of trade discounts and rebates, non-refundable duties and taxes, any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Cost also includes borrowing cost directly attributable to acquisition / construction of a qualifying asset up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Subsequent expenditure on fixed assets is capitalized only if such expenditure results into an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

Capital work-in-progress comprises the cost of property, plant and equipment that are yet not ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date. The depreciable amount of a depreciable fixed asset is allocated on a systematic basis to each accounting period over the useful life of the asset. Management's estimate of useful life, which is duly supported by technical evidence, is as stipulated in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The useful life is for the whole of the asset, except where cost of a part of the asset is significant to total cost of the asset and useful life of that part is different from the useful life of the remaining asset, useful life of that significant part ("component") is determined separately and the depreciable amount of the said component is depreciated is allocated on a systematic basis to each accounting period during the useful life of the asset.

In arriving at the depreciable amount, residual value in case of certain assets are considered to be more than 5% of the original cost, this estimate of residual value is duly supported by technical advice. Depreciation on assets acquired during the year is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of addition. Similarly, depreciation on assets sold, discarded, demolished or destroyed during the year is also calculated on a pro-rata basis up to the date on which such asset has been sold, discarded, demolished or destroyed. Depreciable assets costing up to Rupees 5,000/- are depreciated fully in the year of acquisition The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

e. Leases

The Company, as a lessee, recognizes a right of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the right-of-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

f. Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits which fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which employee renders the related service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Undiscounted value of short term benefits such as salaries, wages, bonus and ex-gratia are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company's Employee's Provident Fund scheme, Employee's State Insurance Scheme and Employee's Superannuation Scheme are defined contribution plans. The Company's contribution payable under the



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

schemes is recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined benefit plan Gratuity

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The defined benefit plan surplus or deficit on the balance sheet comprises the total for each of the fair value of plan assets less the present value of the defined liabilities. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The gratuity liability is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, is based on the market yield on government securities as at the balance sheet date.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of:

The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and

The date that the Group recognizes related restructuring cost

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The Company recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and Net interest expense or income

g. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all diluted potential equity shares.

h. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating units (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples or other available fair value indicators. No such asset was impairment during the reporting period.

i. Provisions



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade discount or rebates. The Company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

Revenue from Sale of goods

Revenues from sales of goods are recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customer, which are generally on dispatch of goods and the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the agreed terms. There is no continuing managerial involvement with the goods and the Company retains no effective control of goods transferred to a decree usually associated with ownership. Revenue from sales of goods is based on the price quoted in the market or price specified in the sales contracts.

k. Other Income

Other Income is comprised primarily of interest income, discounts and lease rent. Interest income is recognized on accrual basis.

Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortized cost

. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit and loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held.

Measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value. In the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset are included in the value of financial assets. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are charged in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset but assumes a contractual obligation to pay cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

m. Borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as the effective interest rate amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included as finance cost in the statement of profit and loss.

n. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, cash at banks, short-term deposits and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

1.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs with effect from 1 April 2022 with a transition date of 1 April 2021. These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 are the first financial statements the Company has prepared under Ind AS. For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (herein after referred to as "Previous GAAP") used for its statutory reporting requirement in India immediately before adopting Ind AS. The adoption of Ind AS has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards. Accordingly, the Company has prepared financial statements which comply with Ind AS for the year ended 31 March 2023, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 March 2022, as described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Companies' opening balance sheet was prepared as at 1 April 2021, the Company's date of transition to Ind AS.

This note explains the principal adjustments made by the Company in restating its Previous GAAP financial statements, including the balance sheet as at 1 April 2021 and the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Exemptions availed on first time adoption of Ind AS 101

Ind AS 101 allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under Ind AS. The Company has applied the following exemptions:

a. Business Combinations

Ind AS 103 Business Combinations has not been applied to business acquisitions that occurred before 1 April 2021. Use of this exemption means that the Indian GAAP carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, that are required to be recognized under Ind AS, is their deemed cost at the date of the acquisition. After the date of the acquisition, measurement is in accordance with Ind AS.

Assets and liabilities that do not qualify for recognition under Ind AS are excluded from the opening Ind AS balance sheet. The Company did not recognize or exclude any previously recognized amounts as a result of Ind AS recognition requirements.

Ind AS 101 also requires that Indian GAAP carrying amount of goodwill must be used in the opening Ind AS balance sheet (apart from adjustments for goodwill impairment and recognition or derecognition of



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2023

intangible assets). In accordance with Ind AS 101, the Company has tested goodwill for impairment at the date of transition to Ind AS. No goodwill impairment was deemed necessary as at 1 April 2021.

b. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets as recognized in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost as at the transition date

c. Estimates

The estimates at 1 April 2021 and at 31 March 2022 are consistent with those made for the same dates in accordance with Indian GAAP. The estimates used by the Company to present these amounts in accordance with Ind AS reflect conditions at 1 April 2021, the date of transition to Ind AS and as of 31 March 2022.

d. Classification and measurement of financial assets/ financial liabilities

Ind AS 101 requires an entity to assess classification and measurement of financial assets on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS.



						Δ	int le n
Postler I	Opening Bal	ance Sheet as at 1s	t April 202	21	Balanc	e Sheet as at 31st Mar	int in Rs. La ch 2022
Particulars	Previous GAAP	Effect of transi to IND AS	tion	D AS	Previous GAA	Effect of two day	T
Non current assets						to into As	
(a) Property, plant and equipment							
(b) Capital work in progress	69.41		-	69.41	73.0	8 (0.0	1) 72
(c) Investment Property				-		(0.0	1) 73
(d) Goodwill			-	-			
(e) Other Intangible Assets			- 1				
(f) Intangible assets under development				-			
(g) Biological Assets other than Bearer Plants			-	2			
(h) Financial Assets				-			
(i) Investments							100
(ii) Trade Receviables				-		-	
(iii) Loans					***		
(iv) Other Financial Assets	0.31			0.24		-	
(i) Deferred tax Assets (net)	1.52	(0	.06)	0.31	0.31		0.
(j) Other Non-Current Assets		(0		1.46	1.78	(0.06	1.
Total non current assets	71.24	(0.	.06) 7	1.18	75.17	10.00	1
Current assets					73.17	(0.07	75.
(a) Inventories		Property L	-				1000
(b) Financial Assets	2,246.14		2,24	6.14	4,622.11		4,622.1
(i) Investments							4,022
(ii) Trade receivables				-			
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	357.30		35	7.30	1,502.33		1,502.3
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	18.37		18	3.37	13.51		13.5
(v) Loans				-			13.5
(vi) Others Financial Assets	450.00	(450.0	00)		310.56	(310.56)	
c) Current Tax Assets (net)			-	-			
d) Other Current Assets	2.02			-			
otal current assets	3,073.84	447.9			2.03	308.53	310.5
OTAL ASSETS	3,145.08	(2.0			6,450.54	(2.03)	6,448.51
QUITY AND LIABILITIES quity a) Equity Share capital b) Other equity otal Equity	350.00 223.94	(2.0	350	.00	6,525.71 350.00 355.64	(2.10)	350.00
- Car Equity	573.94	(2.09	9) 571.	85	705.64	(2.10)	353.54 703.54
ABILITIES on-current liabilities) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings						(2.20)	703.3
(ia) Lease Liabilities	628.36		628.	36	4,168.83		4,168.83
(ii) Trade Payables		3 S J		1			.,200.03
(a) MSME					-		
(b) Other than MSME					-		
(iii) Other Financial Liablities			1		-		
Provisions					7. (
Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)					-		
Other Non-Current Liabilities	15.00		. 15.0	0	15.00		15.00
tal non current liabilities	643.36		643.3	6	4,183.83		
rrent liabilities					1,103.03	-	4,183.83
Financial liabilities			1				
(i) Borrowings	1,752.24			1			
(ia) Lease Liabilities	1,752.24		1,752.2	1	1,320.14		1,320.14
(ii) Trade Payables			1		-		
(a) MSME			-		*		
(b) Other than MSME	119.37		440.5	,			-
(iii) Other Financial Liablities	113.37		119.37		243.19		243.19
Other Current Liabilities	6.33	40.47			-		
Provisions	49.84	49.47	55.80	1	-	72.54	72.54
Current Tax Liabilities (net)	45.04	(49.47)	0.37		72.91	(72.54)	0.37
Current linkills				1			-
al current liabilities AL - EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,927.78		1,927.78		1,636.24	-	1.636.34
SULLI AND LIABILITIES	3,145.08	(2.09)	3,142.99	-		The state of the s	1,636.24



Note No. 1.4: EFFECT OF IND AS ADOPTION ON STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS AS AT 31st March 2022

	T		ount in Rs. Lakhs
Particulars	Previous GAAP	Effect of Transition to IND AS	IND AS
Revenue From Operations	13,788.11		13,788.11
Other income	3.27		3.27
Total Income	13,791.38	-	13,791.38
Expenses			
(a) Cost of materials consumed	15,535.54	479.11	16,014.65
(b) Purchase of Stock-in-Trade			10,011.03
(c) Changes in inventories of Finished goods, stock in trade and WIP	(2,375.97)	(479.11)	(2,855.08)
(d) Employee benefits expense	55.56	(55.56
(e) Finance costs	344.95		344.95
(f) Depreciation and amortisation	11.06		11.06
(g) Other Expenses	35.36		35.36
Total expenses	13,606.50	-	13,606.50
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items & tax	184.88		184.88
Exeptional items	-	-	-
Profit / (Loss) before tax	184.88	-	184.88
Tax expense:			
Less:- (a) Current tax	51.69		51.69
Relates to prior period(current tax)	1.75		1.75
Add/Less (b) Deferred tax (assets)/Libilities	(0.25)	-	(0.25)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	131.69		131.69
Other comprehensive income			
Item that will not be reclassified to profit &			
loss Re- measurement gains / (losses) on			
defined benefit plans.			
Remeasurement of the value of DefinedBenefit obligation	_		
Less:- Income Tax	_		
Other Comprehensive income .	_		
Total comprehensive income for the year	131.69		131.69



SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED Notes To The Financial Statement for the year ended on 31st March, 2023 Note - 2

75.72

Amount in Rs. Lakhs Property, plant and equipment **Gross Block Accumulated Depreciation** Net Block Balance as at Additions Sales/ Balance as at Balance as at Depreciation Deduction Balance as at Balance as at 1 Balance as at April 1 2022 During the Deduction 31st March 2023 April 1 2022 for the period during the 31st March 2023 April 2022 31st March 2023 year Tangible Assets Land 8.62 8,62 8.62 8.62 Buildings 37.88 13.14 51.02 12.67 2.69 15.36 25.21 35.66 Car(Hyundai 1.6 creta) 15.81 15.81 8.98 1.77 10.75 6.83 5.06 Weight brize 2.32 2.32 1.64 0.18 1.82 0.68 0.50 Computer 2.83 0.99 3.82 2.31 0.40 2.71 0.52 Furniture and Fixtures 2.19 2.19 1.54 0.17 1.71 0.65 0.48 Kanta (Weight machine) 0.15 0.15 0.10 0.01 0.11 0.05 0.04 DG 10 Set KVA 0.67 0.67 0.32 0.06 0.38 0.35 0.29 P&M 42.88 13.54 56.42 19.52 5.66 25.18 23.36 31.24 Mobile phone 0.92 0.92 0.29 0.11 0.40 0.63 0.52 Printing & office stationary 0.14 0.14 0.11 0.01 0.12 0.03 0.02 Navin Krishi Upaj Mandi Plot 6.12 6.12 6.12 6.12 Two Wheeler 0.08 0.08 0.06 0.01 0.07 0.02 0.02 Right of Use of Asset Land at Barukheda 66.59 66.59 1.67 1.67 64.92 Total 120.61 94.26 214.87 47.54 12.74 60.28 73.07 154.60 Capital Work-In-Progress At Barukheda

75.72

Note: Right of Use of Asset:

The company has made a lease arrangement for land located in Barukheda, Neemuch (M.P.) from its holding company Shreeoswal Seeds & Chemicals Ltd. on monthly fixed lease payments of Rs. 60,000/- (sixty Thousands). Lease insecption date is 01/10/2022. The Right of use and Lease liabilities were computed using incremental borrowing rate of company i.e.@9.00% p.a.



75.72

Property, plant and equipment	Gross Block				Accumulated Depreciation				Amount in Rs. Lakhs		
	Balance as at April 1 2021	Additions During the year	Sales/ Deduction	Balance as at 31st March 2022	Balance as at April 1 2021	Depreciation for the period	Deduction	Balance as at 31st March 2022	Balance as at 1	Block Balance as at 31st March 2022	
Tangible Assets							year				
Land	8.62			8.62					and solvers		
Buildings	37.88				10.00	-	(-1)		8.62	. 8.62	
Car(Hyundai 1,6 creta)	15.81			37.88	10.03	2.64		12.67	27.85	25.21	
Weight brize	2.32			15.81	6.59	2.39		8.98	9.22	6.83	
Computer	2.52	0.31		2.32	1.40	0.24	-	1.64	0.92	0.68	
Furniture and Fixtures	2.19	0.31		2.83	1.55	0.76	-	2.31	0.97	0.52	
Kanta (Weight machine)	0.15			2.19	1.31	0.23	-	1.54	0.88	0.65	
DG 10 Set KVA	0.67		-	0.15	0.08	0.02		0.10	0.07	0.05	
P&M	34.83	8.05		0.67	0.24	0.08		0.32	0.43	0.35	
Mobile phone	0.67	0.25		42.88	14.98	4.54	- 1	19.52	19.85	23.36	
Printing & office stationary	0.14	0.23	-	0.92	0.15	0.14		0.29	.0.52	0.63	
Navin krishi upaj mandi plot no 4	0.14	6.12	-	0.14	0.09	0.01		0.11	0.05	0.03	
P&M		0.12	-	6.12						6.12	
Tempo Loading										0.12	
Two Wheeler	0.08		-		-	-					
	0.08	-	-	0.08	0.05	0.01		0.06	0.03	0.02	
Total	105.88	14.73		120.61	36.47	11.06		47.54			



SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2023

		Amount in Rs. Lakh						
Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021				
3	Other Financial Assets (Non-Current)							
	(a) Security Deposits	0.31	0.31	0.31				
	Total Other Financial Assets (Non-Current)	0.31	0.31	0.31				

			Amount in Rs. Lakhs
Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
4A	Current Tax		
	Current Tax Expense	52.40	51.69
	Relates to prior period (current tax)		1.75
	Deferred Tax Benefit Including MAT Credit	(3.41)	(0.25)
	Others (Net)		
	Total Income Tax expense recognised in Current Year	48.99	53.19
	Profit Before Income Tax	176.04	184.88
	Indian Statutory Income Tax Rate	0.28	0.28
	Expected Income Tax Expense	48.97	51.43
	Tax Effects of adjustments to reconcile expected income tax		
	Tax adjustment for prior period current tax		1.75
	Tax Effect of non deductible expenses		
	Tax Impact of Lease accounting	(0.47)	
	Tax adjustment due to Depreciation	0.49	
	Total Income Tax Expense	48.99	53.18

		1st April 2021			
DTA/DTL	Particular	Opening Balance	Debit/(credit) in P&L During the year	Closing balance	
		1.51	0.05		1.46
DTA	On Account of Property Plant & Equipment	1.31	0.05		,
DTA (Net)	Totals	1.51	0.05		1.46
		31st March 2022			1000
DTA/DTL	Particular	Opening Balance	Debit/(credit) in P&L During the year	Closing balance	
DTA:		1.46	(0.25)	J	1.72
DTA (Net)	Totals	1.46	(0.25)		1.72
		31st March 2023		1000	
DTA/DTL	Particular	Opening Balance	Debit/(credit) in P&L During the year	Closing balance	
DTA	Property Plant And Equipments	1.72	0.07		1.64 0.29
DTA DTA	Exces of Lease Liability over Right to use Provision for gratuity		(0.29)		3.19
DTA (Net)		1.72	(3.41)		5.12

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
5	Other Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Capital Advances			
	Vasundra vihar plot	21.00		
	Flat No. 101 PMAY Industrial area	35.11		
	Total Other Non-Current Assets	56.11		the state of the s

Note	Particulars .	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
6	Inventories (a) Closing stock			4.007.54
	Raw materials Finished Goods	1,852.50 3,749.87	1,518.45 3,103.66	. 1,997.5 248.5
	Total Inventories	5,602.37	4,622.11	2,246.1

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021	
7	Trade receivables				
	(a) Trade Receivables considered good - Secured				257.21
	(b) Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	534.13	1,502.33		357.3
	(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk				
	(d) Trade Receivables- Credit impaired		-		-
	Total Trade receivables	534.13	1,502.33		357.30

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023		31st March 2022	mount in Rs. Lakhs oril 2021
8	Cash and cash equivalents				
	(a) Cash in hand			44.07	14.68
	Cash in hand		10.84	11.07	14.68
	(b) Balances with banks		to the same		
	(i) In current accounts				0.47
	Union Bank, Neemuch (50215)				
	Union Bank of India C/a - (50052)			•	0.91
	Axis Bank, Neemuch (87063)			1.31	1.31
	HDFC Bank (53000)		101.23	1.13	0.62
	Central MP Gramin bank				0.02
	Union bank of india, Nimbahera-50192				0.36
	Cheque in Transit				
	Total Cash and cash equivalents		112.07	13.51	18.37



ote Particulars	31st March 2023		Amount in Rs. Lal
9 Tax Assets (net) (Current)	51St Warch 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
Provison of Income Tax FY 2022-23			
Advance Tax Paid	. (52.40)		
TDS Deducted	. 41.70		
Total Tax Assets (net) (Current)	15.63		
The state of the s	4.93		

Note	Particulars	24-1441 2022		Amount in Rs. Lakh
10	Other Current Assets	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
	(a) Preliminary expenses			
	(b) Advance to Suppliers			
	(c) Pradmantri Yojna	242.34	201.94	385.7
	(d) Prepaid Insurance	2.00		
	(e) Refundable tax FY 22-23	0.93	0.57	0.2
	(f) GST ITC Balance (nbh)			
	(g) GST ITC Balance (nmh)	23.27		
	(h) Income tax refundable FY 19-20	40.92		
	(i) Prepaid Expenses & Fees	3.70		
	(j) Capital Advance	0.61		
	(k) GST ITC Balance	34.00		
	(I) TDS & Advance Tax	그 그렇게 다 하는 걸을 받았습니다 나를 걸었다.	48.71	
	(m) Stauatory Advances		59.34	
				64.0
-	Total Other Current Assets	347.77	310.56	450.0

Note	Particulars		214 8	March 2023	1 0			Amount in Rs. Lak
11	Equity Share capital		3151 1	viarch 2023	31st Ma	arch 2022	1st A	oril 2021
	(a) Authorised							
	Number of Equity shares of Rs.10 /- each							
	and any states of to. 107 each	4,000,000.0	0	400.0	0	400.00		400
	(b) Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up							
	Number of Equity shares			350.0	0	350.00		350
	of Rs. /- each	3,500,000.0	0					
	,, cacii ,	10						
	The company has one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.	10/- per share per share	Each halder of anit				A CONTRACTOR	
	In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity sh	ros will be entitled to	. Each holder of equit	y shares is entitled to d	one vote per share.			
	In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity sh to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.	ares will be entitled to re	ceive remaining asset	ts of the company, after	er distribution of all p	referential amount	s. The distribution v	vill be in proportie
-	The state of the day the shareholders.							
11A	Pacanciliation of the number of Share State							
	Reconciliation of the number of Shares Outstanding Equity Shares		,					
	and any original and an			larch 2023	31st Ma	rch 2022	1st Ap	ril 2021
	(a) At the beginning of the year		Nos.	Rs. in Lakhs	Nos.	Rs. in Lakhs	Nos.	Rs. in Lakhs
	(b) Movements for the year		3500000	350.00	3500000	350.00	3500000	350.00
	(c) Outstanding at the end of the year		0	0	0	0	0	0
	gardine or the year		3500000	350.00	3500000	350.00	3500000	350.00
11B	The details of shareholders holding more than 5 % shares :-							
	Name of Shareholder							
			No. of shares		31st Ma	with the same of t	1st Ap	ril 2021
	Shree Oswal Seeds and Chemicals Ltd		No. of shares	% Held	No. of shares	% Held	No. of shares	% Held
	Note: 70 Equity Shares are held by Nominee of the Company		3500000	10001				
	The Educy Shares are near by Norminee of the Company		3500000	100%	3500000	100%	3500000	100%
11C	Shares held by promoters at the end of the year							
	Name of Promoter	% Change	31st M	arch 2023	31st Mar	ch 2022		
	76 Citati		No. of shares	% Held	No. of shares	% Held	1st Apr No. of shares	The second secon
					ito. or strates	% Held	No. or shares	% Held
	Shree Oswal Seeds and Chemicals Ltd		3500000	100%	3500000	100%	3500000	40004
		•	3500000	100%	3500000	100%	3500000	100%
	Shree Oswal Seeds and Chemicals Ltd Totals		3500000 3500000	100%	3500000 3500000	100%	3500000 3500000	100%

Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022		t in Rs. Lakh
Borrowings (Non-Current)		313(14181(112022	1st April 202	1
(a) Secured Borrowings				
(i) Term Loan				
(a) From Banks				
HDFC BANK TERM LOAN 1518				
HDFC TERM LOAN 1727	22.07	170.42		220.5
HDFC loan ECLGS 8544	54.38			
Aggregate of (a) Secured Borrowings	50.11	152.05		159.9
(b) Unsecured Borrowings	126.56	322.47		380.5
(i) Term Loan				
(a) From Banks				
(b) From other than banks				
(c) From Related Parties				
M/S Shreeoswal Seeds & Chemicals Ltd (electric)	47.89			
M/S Shreeoswal Seeds & Chemicals Ltd (loan)	3,289.69	3,846.36		247.8
(d) Others		, ,,,,,,,,		
Aggregate of (b) Unsecured Borrowings	3,337.58	3,846.36		247.0
* Nature of gurantee or security if any to be specified		3,640.30		247.8
Total Borrowings (Non-Current)	3,464.14	4,168.83		



Note: Effective Interest Rate and Maturity details of above mentioned borrowings -

	As on 31-03-2023	Nature of Security	Maturity Year	Interest Rate
From Banks				
HDFC BANK TERM LOAN 1518	99.34		2024-25	9.25%
HDFC TERM LOAN 1727	61.11		2029-30	8.25%
HDFC loan ECLGS 8544	103.14	Secured by Assets & Personal	2024-25	9.25%
From Related Parties		Guarantees		
M/S Shreeoswal Seeds & Chemicals Ltd (loan)	3289.68		2025-26	9.00%
M/S Shreeoswal Seeds & Chemicals Ltd (electric)	47.89		2024-25	9.00%
otal	3 501 16			

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
14	Lease Liabilities Land Leased at Barukheda from Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals limited	64.66	-	
	Total Lease Liabilities	64.66		- 1

				Amount in Rs. Lakhs
Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
15	Provisions (Non-current)			
Section 1	(a) Provision for employee benefits			
	Gratuity (Non-funded)	10.93		
	Total Provisions (Non-current)	10.93	-	

				Amount in Rs. Lakhs
Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
16	Other Non-Current Liabilities			
	(a) Other long term liabilities Sundry deposit	15.00	15.00	15.00
	Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	15.00	15.00	15.00

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
17	Borrowings (Current) (a) Secured Borrowings (1) Loans Repayable on Demand			
	(i) From Banks			
	AXIS BANK WHR Loan 1163	536.68	199.27	637.91
	HDFC BANK WHR Loan	678.68	137.80	40.59
	HDFC BANK CC LIMIT 1442	867.76	983.07	1,073.74
	(ii), From other than banks			
	(iii) From Related Parties			
	(iv) Current maturities of Long term Borrowings			
	HDFC BANK TERM LOAN 1518	77.28		
	HDFC loan ECLGS 8544	53.03		
	HDFC TERM LOAN 1727	6.73		
	Aggregate of (a) Secured Borrowings	2,220.16	1,320.14	1,752.24
	(b) Unsecured Borrowings			-
	Aggregate of (b) Unsecured Borrowings		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
	* Nature of gurantee or security if any to be specified			
	Total Borrowings (Current)	2,220.16	1,320.14	1,752.24

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
18	Lease Liabilities Land Leased at Barukheda from Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals limited	1.32		
	Total Lease Liabilities	1.32		

Note		Particulars	31st March 2023		31st March 2022	1st April 2021
19	Trade Payables					
	(a) MSME					
	(b) Other Than MSME		26	0.00	243.19	11
	Total Trade Payables		26	0.00	243.19	11

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	1st April 2021
20	Other Current Liabilities			
	(a) Seeds Booking Advances Received			6.33
	(b) TDS Payable .	13.40	17.61	10.01
	(c) Income Tax Payable		51.69	29.45
	(d) GST Payable	1.08	0.51	0.65
	(e) TCS Payable			0.65
	(f) Salary and Wages Payable	0.66		0.90
	(g) Staff salary	3.51		
	(h) Audit Fees Payable		1.00	1.00
	(i) Krishi Upaj mandi Nirashit Payable		0.50	2.28
	(j) Bank Int Provision	7.10	1.16	
	(k) Director Remuneration Payable		•	4.47
	(I) ESI & PF Payable	0.05	0.06	0.06
	Total Other Current Liabilities	25.80	72.54	• 55.80

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022	Amount in Rs. Lakhs 1st April 2021
21				
21	Provisions			
	(a) Provision for earlier year		0.37	. 0.37
	(b) Gratuity •	0.53		
	Total Provisions	0.53	0.37	0.37



 Note
 Particulars
 31st March 2023
 31st March 2022

 22
 Revenue From Operations Revenue from Sales of Manufactured Finished Goods Total Revenue From Operations
 15,791.49
 13,788.11

 10tal Revenue From Operations
 15,791.49
 13,788.11

Note Particulars	31st March 2023		31st March 2022	
Other income (a) Forex Difference Income (b) Difference amount of 26as not consider (c) Discount Given and Rate Difference (d) Other Income (e) Discount Income (f) Lease rent/ Rent (g) Round off (h) Reversal of Provisions Total Other income		0.57 3.60 0.37		0.3 2.9

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
24	Cost of materials consumed		45.447.05
	(a) Purchase of Goods	15,500.16	15,147.85
	(b) Import goods		
	(c) Freight Exps.	182.38	205.93
	(d) Hammali Exps.	18.12	14.49
	(e) MP State Seed Certificate Agency		
		9.91	10.97
	(f) Power & Electricity Charges		0.02
	(g) Packing Material and Chemicals Expenses	6.92	2.27
	(h) Rates, Taxes and Levies Expenses	20.99	5.77
	(i) Cash & trade discount ·		70.17
	(j) Mandi & Nirashit Tax	32.08	33.63
	(k) Warehouse rent	32.08	
	(I) Ware Housing and Storage Charges		20.00
	(m) Sortax Grading Charges	20.31	20.03
	(n) Wages & Grading Charges	29.25	24.40
	(o) Krishi upmandi tax	75.11	
	(o) Kilsii apiilata		
		15,895.23	15,535.54
	Opening Stock of Raw Materials	1,518.45	1,997.56
	Closing Stock of Raw Materials	1,852.50	1,518.4
	Total Cost of materials consumed	15,561.18	16,014.65

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
25	Changes in inventories of Finished goods		
	Opening Inventory Less:- Closing Inventory	3,103.66 (3,749.87)	248.5 (3,103.6
	Total Changes in inventories of Finished goods	(646.21)	(2,855.0

Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
	Employee benefits expense	14.57	14.
	(a) Salary to Employee (b) Staff and Labour Welfare Expenses		
	(c) ESI and PF	0.17	0
	(d) Remunration to Directors	45.00 0.06	50
	(e) Administrative charges	3.00	3
	(f) Director sitting fees	11.46	
	(g) Gratuity Total Employee benefits expense	74.26	55

			Amount in Rs. Lakhs
Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
27	Finance costs (a) Bank Charges (b) Bank Finance Processing Fees (c) Bank interest charges (d) Bank interest charges (d) Finance interest charges (i) Interest on Unsecured Loan (g) Interest charged by party (h) Interest charged to party (i) Lease Accounting (j) Finance Cost on Lease	1.81 182.42 27.39 7.13 3.19 328.33 2.98	2.29 0.89 101.94 30.00 209.83
	Total Finance costs	553.25	344.99



			Amount in Rs. Lakhs
Note	Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
28	Other Expenses		
	(a) Audit fees	1.25	1.00
	(b) Fee & Subscription	1.19	0.23
	(c) Legal & Professional charge	6.95	1.38
	(d) Insurance charges	3.58	2.37
	(e) Rent		_
	(f) Miscellaneous office exp	3.63	2.98
	(g) Communication and postage expenses	0.84	0.83
	(h) Printing & stationary	0.99	0.48
	(i) Professional Tax	0.03	0.03
	(j) Repair & maintenance	24.59	7.47
	(k) Vehicle running	0.53	0.76
	(I) Donation		0.70
	(m) Software Maintenance exp		
	(n) Selling & distribution Scheme	14.64	. 17.26
	(o) Interest on late payment of tds	14.04	0.51
	(p) Shortage & rate difference		0.06
	(g) Preliminary expenses		0.08
	(r) Round off		
	(s) Bad debts	6.18	
	(t) Prior period exp		
	(u) License renewal fee	0.25	
	(u) License renewariee	0.12	
	Tetal Other Evenness		
-	Total Other Expenses	64.77	35.36

29 Earning Per Share

Basic & Diluted earning per equity share are recorded in accordance with IND AS-33 "Earnings Per Share". Basic & diluted earnings per equity share are calculated by dividing Net profit after tax of Rs. 127.05 Lakhs by 3.5 Lakhs Nos. of equity shares (Face value of Rs. 10/- each)

1 Relationship	(c) Relatives of key management personnel and their	
(a) Holding Companies	enterprises where transaction have taken place:	
Shreeoswal Seeds And Chemicals Limited	Shubham Trading Co.	
(b) Key Management personnel:		
Kirandevi Begani (Whole Time Director)		
Padma Nahta (Whole Time Director)		
Anil Kumar Nahata (Director)		
Sanjay Kumar Begani (Director)	2011년 전 1일 : 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	

Note: Related party relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

2 Transactions carried out with Related Party referred to 1 above in ordinary course of business:

			Amount in Rs. Lakhs
Nature of Transaction	Referred in	Referred in	Referred in
	1 (a) above	1 (b) above	1 (c) above .
(a) Sales			131.19
(b) Lease Liability Payment	3.	50	
(c) Other Income	3.	50	
(d) Director Remuneration			45.00
(e) Electricity Charges Apportionment	7.	30	
(f) Director Sitting Fees			3.00
(g) Interest on Loan (Expense)	328.	33	
(h) Payable	3,337.	57	2.32

Related Party Transactions

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

S.No.	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
	Salary & Other Payments	•	
	Salary to Directors		
1	Kirandevi Begani	22.50	20.50
2	Padma Nahata	22.50	17.50
	Director's Sitting Fees		
1	Anil Kumar Nahta	1.50	1.50
2	Sanjay Kumar Begani	1.50	1.50
	Total	48.00	41.00



S.No.	Transactions	2000.00	Amount in Rs. Lakhs
5.140.	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
1	Other Income Lease Rent From Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd.	2.60	
- 1		3.60	
-	Total	3.60	
C NIo	T		Amount in Rs. Lakh
S.No.	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
	Expenses		
1	Interest on Loan Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd.		
1	Stifeeoswarseeus and chemicais Ltd.	328.33	209.8
	Electricity Charges Apportionment		
1		7.30	10.9
	Sinceswarseed and chemicals etc.	7,30	10.9
	Total	335.63	220.7
	10(8)	333.03	
S.No.	Transactions	2022-23	Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
3.140.	Ti diisactions	2022-23	2021-22
	Sales		
1	Shubham Trading Co.	121.10	54.4
	Shubhain Hading Co.	131.19	. 54.4
_	T.11	124.40	
	Total	131.19	54.4
		***	Amount in Rs. Lakh
S.No.	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
	Lease Liablity Payment		
1	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd.	3.60	-
	Total	3.60	
			Amount in Rs. Lakh
S.No.	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
	Payables		
1		3,337.57	3,846.3
2		1.16	
3	Padma Nahta	1.16	-
	Total	3,339.89	3,846.3
			Amount in Rs. Lakh
S.No.	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
	Loan Taken •		
1	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd.	4,729.44	6,339.7
	Total	4,729.44	6,339.7
			' Amount in Rs. Lakh
	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
S.No.			
S.No.			
S.No.	Loan Repaid		
		5,238.23	2,947.9
		5,238.23 5,238.23	
	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd.		2,947.9
1	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total	5,238.23	2,947.9
1 3a	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN	5,238.23 EL	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh
1 3a S.No	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions	5,238.23	2,947.9
1 3a	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration	5,238.23 EL 2022-23	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
1 3a S.No	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration Salary	5,238.23 EL	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
1 3a S.No	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration	5,238.23 EL 2022-23	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
1 3a S.No	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration Salary	5,238.23 EL 2022-23	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
3a S.No	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration Salary Contribution to provident and other funds Perquisites	5,238.23 EL 2022-23	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
3a S.No 1	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration Salary Contribution to provident and other funds Perquisites Commission	5,238.23 EL 2022-23 45.00	2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22
3a S.No	Shreeoswal seeds and chemicals Ltd. Total DETAILS REGARDING PAYMENTS MADE TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONN Transactions Remuneration Salary Contribution to provident and other funds Perquisites	5,238.23 EL 2022-23 45.00	2,947.9 2,947.9 Amount in Rs. Lakh 2021-22 38.0

3b BREAKUP OF PAYMENTS	MADE TO I	KEY MAN	AGERIAL	PERSONNEL

S.No	Transactions	2022-23	2021-22
. 1	Remuneration .		
a	Kirandevi Begani	22.50	20.50
b	Padma Nahata	22.50	17.50
	Total Remuneration	45.00	* 38.0
2	Sitting Fees		
a	Anil Kumar Nahta	1.50	1.5
b	Sanjay Kumar Begani	1.50	1.5
	Total Sitting Fees	3.00	3.00



Note	Particulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022	
31 (i)	31 Payment to Auditors	1.25	1.0	
	Total	1.25	1.0	

32 Disclosure Under Micro, Small & Medium Scale Enterprise Devlopment Act, 2006

The company has no outstanding balance as on 31.03.2023, Hence provision of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Act, 2006 is not applicate

33 Corporate Social responsibility: The compliance of CSR contribution is not applicable.

Employee Benefits		
The Company have been communicated that Plan liabilities are unfunded.		
Therefore, the benefit payments are made by the Sponsor on pay-as-you-go be	asis.	
T		Amount in Rs. I
Expenses recognised in Income Statement Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
	11.46	•
Current Service Cost.		
Interest on Obligation		
Actuarial Losses / (Gains)		
Expected return on plan assets		
Past service cost		
Losses (gains) on curtailments and settlement	11.46	
Expense recognised in P & L	11.70	
		Amount in Rs.
Amount to be recognised in Balance Sheet	2022-23	2021-22
Particulars	11.46	
Present value of funded obligation	11.40	
Less: Fair value of plan assets		
Present value of unfunded obligations	11.46	
Funded Status - (Surplus)/Deficit		
Unrecognised past service cost		
Unrecognised asset due to limit in Para 64(b)	11.46	
Liability/(Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	11.40	
		Amount in Rs.
Table showing change in benefit obligation Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Opening Defined Benefit obligation	11.46	
Service cost for the year Interest cost for the year		
Acturial Losses / (Gains)		
Benefits paid		
Past Service Cost	11.46	
Closing defined benefit obligation		
4 Table showing fair value of plan assets		Amount in Rs.
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year		
Actual return on plan assets		
Contributions		
Benefits Paid		
Actuarial Gains\ (Losses)		
Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of year		
5 Table Showing Amount to be Recognised in OCI		Amount in Rs
Table Showing Amount to be Recognised in OCI Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Amount recognised in OCI, Beginning of Period		
Remeasurements due to:		
Effect of Change in Financial Assumptions		
Effect of Change in Demographic Assumptions		
Effect of experience adjustments		



Return on Plan Assets (excluding interest)		
Total measurements recognised in OCI		
Amount recognised in OCI, End of Period	- (
History of DBO, Asset values, Surplus/Deficit & Experience Gains & Losses		Amount in Rs. Lak
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
DBO	11.46	
Plan Assets		
(Surplus)/Deficit	11.46	
Exp Adj- Plan Assets Gain/ (Loss)		
Assumptions (Gain)/ Loss		
Exp Adj- Plan Liabilities Gain/ (Loss)		
Total Acturial (Gain)/ Loss	-	
Category of Assets		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Govt. of India Securities (Central and State)	0%	
High Quality Corporate Bonds (incl. PSU Bonds)	0%	
Equity shares of Listed Companies	0%	
Real Estate/ Property	0%	
Cash (including Special Deposits)	0%	
Other (including assets under Schemes of Ins.)	0%	
Total	0%	
Sensitivity Analysis		31st March, 20
Particulars	Decrease	Increa
Discount Rate	11.99	10.9
Impact of increase/decrease in 50 bps on DBO	4.64%	-4.30
Salary Growth Rate	11.24	. 11.6
Impact of increase/decrease in 50 bps on DBO	-1.84%	1.9:
Actuarial Assumption Valuation Method	Designated with Condition and add	
	Projected unit Credit Method	
Discount Rate	7.20%	
Annual increase in salary costs	10.00%	
Mortality Rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14)	
Withdrawl rate	4.00%	
Retirement Age	60 Years	



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

	eivables Ageing Schedule (Current)	As on 31st Mar	ch 2023			Amou	int in Rs. Lakh
		Outst	anding for follow	ing periods from	due date of pay	yment	
	Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered goods Provision for Doubtful Debts Undisputed Trade receivables - considered goods (Net of provison)	481.78 481.78	0.96	9.68			492.42
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk Provision for Doubtful Debts Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk (Net of provison)			-			
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired Provision for Doubtful Debts Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired (Net of provison)		-	-			
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables- considered goods Provision for Doubtful Debts Disputed Trade Receivables- considered goods (Net of					41.71	41.71
(v)	provison) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk Provision for Doubtful Debts Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk (Net of provison)					41./1	41.71
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired Provision for Doubtful Debts						
	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired (Net of provison)						



Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Acon	31c+	March	2022

		Outst	anding for follow	ing periods from	due date of par	yment	
	Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered goods Provision for Doubtful Debts	1,142.64	317.98				1,460.6
	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered goods (Net of provison)	1,142.64	317.98				1,460.6
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk Provision for Doubtful Debts Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk (Net of provison)		-				
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired Provision for Doubtful Debts Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired (Net of provison)					-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables- considered goods Provision for Doubtful Debts					41.71	41.7
	Disputed Trade Receivables- considered goods (Net of provison)	2	-	-		41.71	41.7
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk Provision for Doubtful Debts Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk (Net of provision)	-	-				
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired Provision for Doubtful Debts						-
	Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired (Net of provison)				-		



HREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED

lotes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Trade Payable Ageing Schedule

	As on 31st March 2023			Am	ount in Rs. Lak		
Particulars	Outstanding fo	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
(i) MSME			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	more than 5 years	Total		
(ii) Others (iii) Disputed Dues- MSME (iv) Disputed Dues- Others	249.40	10.60			260.0		

Particulars

Particulars

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment

Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total

(i) MSME
(ii) Others
(iii) Disputed Dues- MSME
(iv) Disputed Dues- Others

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Dustanding for following periods from due date of payment

Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total

240.99
2.20
243.19



Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Note No. 35 Fair Value Measurement Hierarchy:

Amount	in	Rs	Lak	he

	As at 3	1 March 202	3			nt in Rs. Lakh
Particulars		Level of Input used in		As at 31 March 2022		
	Carrying Amount			Carrying Amount	Level of Input used in	
Financial Asset :-		Level 1	Level 2	carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2
At Amortised Cost						
Cash & Cash Equivlents						
rade Receivables	112.07	-		13.51		
At FVTPL	534.13	-		1,502.33		
Other Financial Asets						
at FVTOCI	0.31	-	0.31	0.31		0.31
inancial Liabilities :-						
t Amortised Cost						
rade Payables						
orrowings	260.00	-	-	243.19		
ease Liability	2,220.16			1,320.14		
orrowings (Non-current)	1.32	-13	-			
	3,464.13	-		4,168.83		1
ease Liability (Non-current)	64.66			.,100.05		

The Financial Instruments are categorised into two levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurement as described below:

EVEL 1: Quoted Prices (unadjusted) in active markets for indentical assets or liabilities; and

EVEL 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.



Notes to Financial Statements

Note No: 36 Financial Risk Management

(i) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk primarily relates to trade and other receivables, long-term loans, cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's exposure to credit risk with regards to trade and other receivables is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and there is no significant concentration of risk related to industry segments. The granting of credit is controlled by well-established criteria that are reviewed on a regular basis. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each trade receivable.

The credit policy requires each new customer to be analyzed individually for credit worthiness before delivery and payment terms are offered.

Other receivables consist primarily of security deposits, loans to employees and other receivables. The risk of default is assessed as low.

The credit risk surrounding loans receivable is assessed as low risk.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is assessed as low risk as the Company deposits cash surpluses with financial institutions of high quality and standing.

(ii) Liquidity Risk

The Company actively monitors its cash flows to ensure there is sufficient cash available to meet its working capital requirements. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flow.

The Company's current trade and other payables are all due within one year.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at 31 March 2023 based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Particulars	Less Than One year	1-2 Years	2-4 Years	>4 Years	Total
Trade Payables	260.00	-		-	260.00
Long Term Borrowings	-	3,417.10	16.76	30.28	3,464.14
Short Term Borrowings	2,220.16			-	2,220.16

(iii) Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its cash and cash equivalents, long-term loans and borrowings, which can have an impact on the cash flows of these instruments. The exposure to interest rate risk is managed through the Company's Board by using counterparties that offer the best rates which enables the Company to maximize returns whilst minimizing risk.



SHREEOSWAL PSYLLIUM EXPORTS INDIA LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

			Not	e 37: Additional Regulatory	nformation			
).	Particulars						Respons	
(i) are du	Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company The company shall provide the details of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) whose title deeds are not held in the name of the company in following format and where such immovable property is jointly held with others, details are required to be given to the extent of the company's share.						NA	
	The Company shall disclose as to whether the fair value of investment property (as measured for disclosure purposes in the financial statements) is based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017.						NA	
	e the Company has revalued its Prope of Companies (Registered Valuers and		luding Right-of-Use Asse	is), the company shall disclo	se as to whether the revaluation is based o	n the valuation by a regis	tered valuer as defined under	NA
	e the company has revalued its intang ation) Rules, 2017.	ible assets, the company shal	I disclose as to whether	the revaluation is based on t	ne valuation by a registered valuer as defin	ed under rule 2 of Compa	• anies (Registered Valuers and	NA
(v)	ollowing disclosures shall be made wh any other person, that are:	ere Loans or Advances in the	nature of loans are grant	ed to promoters, directors,	MPs and the related parties (as defined un	der Companies Act, 2013	s), either severally or jointly	NA
(vii) Capita	al-work-in progress (CWIP)							Yes
(a)	Ageing Schedule CWIP Ageing Schedule			Amount in Lakhs CWIP for	ı period of			
	CWIP	Less Than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
	Projects in progress	75.72		-,		75.72		
	Projects temporarily suspended							
(b)	(b) For capital- work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, following CWIP completion schedule shall be given							
		Amount in CWIP for a period of						
	CWIP	Less Than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
viii) Intan	gible assets under development							NA
	ils of Benami Property held							NA
(x) where	e the Company has borrowings from b	anks or financial institutions	on the basis of security o	f current assets, it shall disc	ose the following			Yes
(a)	whether quarterly returns or statem				n agreement with the books of accounts.		Yes NA	
(xi) When	re a company is a declared wilful defau	ılter by any bank or financial	Institution or other lende	er, following details shall be	given:			NA
	ionship with struck off Companies							



xiii)	Registration of charges or satisfaction w						NA
	Where any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period, details and reasons thereof shall be disclosed.						NA
(iv)	Compliance with number of layers of cor Where the company has not complied wi beyond the specified layers and the relati	npanies th the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of onship or extent of holding of the company in such do	section 2 of the Act read with the C wnstream companies shall be disclo	ompanies (Restriction on numb aed.	er of Layers) Rules, 2017, the nam	ne and CIN of the companies	NA
(v)	Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	Change	Explaina
	Current Ratio (in times)	Total Current Assests	Total Current Liabilities	2.63	3.94	-33.25%	(a)
	Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	Long Term Borrowings	Total Equity	4.17	5.93	-29.68%	(b)
	Debt-Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings for Debt service = Net profit after tax + Non- cash operating expenses + interest + other non cash adjustments+ Interest on debt debited in P&L	Debt service = Interest + Principal Repayment (Non- Current debts only)	0.20	4.56	-95.61%	(c)
	Return on Equity Ratio (in times)	Profit for the year less preference divididend (if any)	Average Total Equity	16.56%	20.65%	-19.81%	
	Inventory Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue From Operations	Average Inventory	3.09	4.02	-23.13%	
	Trade Receviable Turnover Ratio (in	Revenue From Operations	Average Trade Receivable	15.51	14.83	4.59%	
	Trade Payble Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue From Operations	Average Trade Payable	62.77	76.06	-17.47%	1000
	Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in times)	Revenue From Operations	Working Capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total Current Liabilities)	3.55	4.63	-23.33%	
	Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year before exception items	Revenue From Operations	1.11%	1.34%	-17.16%	1
1	Return On Capital Employed	Profit Before Tax And Finance Costs	Average capital Employed	95.07%	83.09%	14.42%	-
	Retun on Investment	Income Generated from Investment Funds	Average invested Funds			24.4270	-
(i		gnificantly more than increase in current assets due to owings & increase in Total Equity as Company made hig term loans during the year.		ore than 25%			
	been accounted for in the books of accoun	peen approved by the Competent Authority in terms of nt of the Company 'in accordance with the Scheme' and	sections 230 to 237 of the Compan d'in accordance with accounting sta	es Act, 2013, the Company shall ndards' and deviation in this reg	disclose that the effect of such So ard shall be explained.	cheme of Arrangements have	NA
	Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share p						
	the understanding (whether recorded in v (i) directly or indirectly lend or inv	ed or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share p vriting or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall est in other persons or entities identified in any manne y or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiarie	r whatsoever by or on behalf of the			entities (Intermediaries) with	NA
	The company shall disclose the following:-						



(II) date and amount of fund further advanced or loaned or invested by such Intermediaries to other intermediaries or Ultimate Beneficiaries along with complete details of the ultimate beneficiaries.	
(III) date and amount of guarantee, security or the like provided to or on behalf of the Ultimate Res 6 (1)	
(IV) declaration that relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act has been complied with for such transactions and the transactions are not violative of the Prevention of Money-Laundering act, 2002 (15 of 2003).	
(B) Where a company has received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries, the company shall disclose the following:	company shall NA
(I) date and amount of fund advanced or loaned or invested in Intermediaries with complete details of each Intermediary.	
(III) date and amount of guarantee, security or the like provided to great place (III) date and amount of guarantee, security or the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like provided to great place (III) and the security of the like place	
(IV) declaration that relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act has been complied with for such transactions and the transactions	

In terms of our report attached Agarwar Patel & Sinhal Chartered Accountants FBN NO. 012245C patel Ano 12245C X FRN 012245C CA. Bhavesh Sinhal Partner M. No.: 406280 Place: Neemuch (M.P.) Date: 06.05.2023

Sanjay Kumar Baigani Director DIN No.: 07921083

Anil Kumar Nahata Director DIN No.: 07921005